



#### Maricopa County Education Service Agency

July, 2013

Dear Educators.

On behalf of all of MCESA, we are excited that you are using our social studies content specific assessments in your school or district. We sincerely hope that the assessments help you to measure student growth and provide useful information about student learning.

Attached are the item specifications that accompany each particular assessment. These item specifications can serve as a useful tool for curriculum mapping activities. To support your use of items specifications, we have a few important points to consider.

- The item specifications were written for a very specific audience and purpose. They serve as a bridge between the standards and the assessment. The item specifications define for test writers what counts as testable content from the standards. They delineate what could appear on a test or what should not appear on a test. Item writers used the item specifications to write test items.
- The item specifications may use *i.e.* or *e.g.* when listing testable content. *E.g.* means that these things are eligible to be included on the assessment, but the test writer is not limited to them. They are examples. *I.e.* means the test content is limited to only those items listed.
- The assessments contain items aligned to the Arizona Common Core Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science and Technical Subjects. The content emphasis for these standards shown on the item specifications is copied directly from the Arizona Examples and Explanations document available from the Arizona Department of Education.
- Although the item specifications show that certain standards are not addressed on the MCESA content specific assessment, this does not mean that teachers are not responsible for teaching those standards. Teachers are responsible for teaching all of the state standards.
- Some item specification documents may have notes about a standard being instructionally linked to another standard. This is an optional notation that some item specification authors chose to record as additional information about how certain standards relate to each other.
- The U.S. History assessment does represent the entirety of American history. It was named U.S. History to reflect the common course name used in Arizona high schools.

For more information about how to use item specifications, please refer to the MCESA Assessment webpage for webcasts that explain in detail the assessment development process and the use of item specifications. Also look for announcements about face-to-face workshops related to social studies instruction or assessment use. <a href="http://education.maricopa.gov//site/Default.aspx?PageID=263">http://education.maricopa.gov//site/Default.aspx?PageID=263</a>

Sincerely, MCESA Assessment Department

Content Statement	Item Specifications	DOK
<b>AZCC Reading Standards for Literacy</b>	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
in History and Social Studies		standard:
Key Ideas and Details  11-12.RH.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole.	From AZ Explanations and Examples This standard requires students to examine the details of a primary (firsthand accounts) or secondary source (secondhand accounts) to support their analysis of the document. Sources for analysis include: journals, maps, illustrations, photographs, documentaries, logs, records, etc. Textual evidence could include: author's main point, purpose and perspective, fact versus opinion, differing points of view, credibility and validity of the text. Students might also consider date, bias, intended audience and the possibility of changes due to translation. Students connect details to attain conclusions of the text as a whole.	2 Type of Assessment: MC or CR
11-12-RH-1	<ul> <li>Examples:         <ul> <li>Students read Federalist Paper No. 10, examining Madison's arguments favoring a representative system of government over a pure democracy including such arguments as those against the power of factionalism in society. SSHS-S1C4-04d</li> <li>Students read a summary of the Kyoto Accords http://unfccc.int/kyoto_protocol/items/2830.php to predict its impact on future policy decisions by the nations which signed it. SSHS-S4C5-03</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	



<b>AZCC Reading Standards for Literacy</b>	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
in History and Social Studies	* ***	standard:
	From AZ Explanations and Examples	
Key Ideas and Details	The standard requires the identification of primary sources (firsthand accounts) and	3
	secondary sources (secondhand accounts) for analysis. Sources include: journals, maps,	
<b>11-12.RH.2.</b> Determine the central ideas	illustrations, photographs, documentaries, logs, records, etc.	Type of
	Students must identify key ideas and/or events in primary or secondary texts and then provide	Assessment:
1	a summary of how the author develops the key idea. Key ideas could be developed	
makes clear the relationships among the	thematically, sequentially, anecdotally, consequentially, procedurally, or in order of	MC or CR
key details and ideas.	importance.	
	In addition, students must summarize ideas and details to show their understanding of this	
11-12-RH-2	relationship and interconnectedness.	
	<ul> <li>Students determine the central ideas found in the Declaration of Sentiments by the Seneca Falls Conference, noting the parallels between it and the Declaration of Independence and providing a summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas of each text and between the texts. Common Core State Standards, Appendix B, p. 183 http://corestandards.org/the-standards</li> <li>Students will examine the Library of Congress photographic collections to observe the impact of the Great Depression on migrant children and their families.</li> <li>Dorothea Lange California Resettlement Photos (http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?ammem/fsaall:@field(NUMBER+@band(cph+3c28944))</li> <li>Views from the Dust Bowl: the Charles L. Todd and Robert Sonkin Migrant Worker Collection, 1940-1941         <ul> <li>http://www.loc.gov/teachers/classroommaterials/primarysourcesets/dust-bowl-migration/#</li> <li>SSHS-S1C8-01 b.&amp; c.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Students keep records for a month of government and corporate reports in order to track these reports' relative influence upon the Dow Jones average. These reports can be found in daily news coverage, e.g., http://www.bloomberg.com/.</li> </ul> <li>SSHS-S5C1-0</li>	



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	111G11 3C1100L 0.3. 111310K1	
11-12.RH.3. Evaluate various explanations for actions or events and determine which explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain.  11-12-RH-3	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.  From AZ Explanations and Examples The standard asks students to create a chain of causation which can be supported by details from the text. When such a chain cannot be clearly built, students are to acknowledge that causation is not complete and clear.  Examples:  Students will connect the Amendments of the US Constitution to the political developments that led to the passage of each. SSHS-S3C4-01  Students will analyze editorials from the Wall Street Journal and the New York Times	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:
AZCC Reading Standards for Literacy in History and Social Studies	supporting or opposing the monetary policies set by the Federal Reserve Bank. SSHS-S5C3-05; SSHS-S5C3-06  Content Emphasis: From AZ Explanations and Examples	DOK essence of the standard:
Craft and Structure  11-12.RH.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author	This standard asks students to use a variety of strategies (context clues, linguistic roots and affixes, restatement, examples, contrast, glossary, etc.) to determine the meaning of words and phrases in the text. Historic context of vocabulary may need to be researched.  Examples:	Type of Assessment:
uses and refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines <i>faction</i> in <i>Federalist</i> No. 10).  11-12-RH-4	<ul> <li>Students use the majority opinions from the Supreme Court cases <i>Plessy v. Ferguson</i> (1896) and <i>Brown v. Board</i> (1954) to examine the term "equal." SSHS-S1C7-02a; SSHS-S1C2-02c</li> <li>Students describe the functioning of a "free market," including how a market price is determined, how price determines behaviors, and theories of production. SSHS-S5C2-02a f.</li> </ul>	



<b>AZCC Reading Standards for Literacy</b>	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
in History and Social Studies		standard:
	Not assessed.	
Craft and Structure		
	From AZ Explanations and Examples	Type of
<b>11-12.RH.5.</b> Analyze in detail how a	The standard asks students to evaluate a primary source noting how its structure reinforces its	Assessment:
complex primary source is structured,	meaning. Students identify the parts of text and how they work together as a whole. They	
including how key sentences, paragraphs,	identify thesis statements, supporting details, and conclusions, as well as transition	
and larger portions of the text contribute	statements. They recognize the power of voice and diction in texts.	
to the whole.		
	Examples:	
11-12-RH-5	Students will analyze the Declaration of Independence outlining the key grievances	
	against King George III and the steps of remonstrance before the colonists chose revolution as their course of action. SSHS-S1C4-03d	
	• Student will analyze the text of the Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments noting	
	how the document builds outrage against the many forms of discrimination against	
	women during the 19th century in the US. SSHS-S1C7-02a	



AZCC Reading Standards for Literacy	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
in History and Social Studies		standard:
	Not assessed.	
Craft and Structure		Type of
	From AZ Explanations and Examples	Assessment:
<b>11-12.RH.6.</b> Evaluate authors' differing	The standard requires students to read with a keen eye for the stated assumptions and	
points of view on the same historical	unstated inferences which provide insight into the author's purpose. Students should be able	
event or issue by assessing the authors'	to recognize balance or imbalance, loaded language, details purposefully excluded and the	
claims, reasoning, and evidence.	use of excerpted quotes by authors.	
11-12-RH-6	Examples:	
	• Students will read newspaper accounts of the 1947 Partition of Palestine in a Zionist	
	as well as an Arab account.	
	• Zipporah Porath, from her book, "Letters from Jerusalem, 1947-1948,"	
	Speech by Egyptian Delegate Mahmoud Bey Fawzi to the UN General	
	Assembly: http://www.scribd.com/doc/3504377/Mandate-of-Destiny-The-1947-	
	United-Nations-Decision-to-Partition-Palestine pp. 36-38.	
	• SSHS-S4C2-04	
	Students read selections from the Lincoln-Douglas Debate at Freeport, IL (August)	
	27, 1858) to distinguish Lincoln's view of slavery in the territories from that of his	
	opponent Stephen A. Douglas. SSHS-S1C6-01e.	



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<b>AZCC Reading Standards for Literacy</b>	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
in History and Social Studies		standard:
	Not assessable.	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas		
	From AZ Explanations and Examples	Type of
<b>11-12.RH.7.</b> Integrate and evaluate		Assessment:
*	address a question or a problem.	
presented in diverse formats and media		
	Examples:	
in words) in order to address a question	• Students integrate the information provided by Mary C. Daly, vice president at the	
or solve a problem.	Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco, with the data presented visually in the	
	FedViews report. In their analysis of these sources of information presented in	
11-12-RH-7	diverse formats, students frame and address a question or solve a problem raised by	
	their evaluation of the evidence. Common Core State Standards, Appendix B, p. 183	
	http://corestandards.org/the-standards	
	• Students will use <i>Consumer Reports</i> , scientific charts, and graphs to verify reliability	
	of online advertising for a product. SSHS-S5C5-02; ETHS-S5C1-05	
	Students research voter turnout in national elections in the United States and other	
	democracies, to explain voter participation or voter apathy. SSHS-S3C5-01	



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AZCC Reading Standards for Literacy		DOK essence of the
in History and Social Studies		standard:
	Not assessed.	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas		
		Type of
11-12.RH.8. Evaluate an author's		Assessment:
premises, claims, and evidence by	author's claims through the use of corroborating or challenging information. Some criteria	
corroborating or challenging them with	for assessing the text include the number of the examples given, the strength of the examples,	
other information.	the credibility of sources used and the accuracy of the text. Students should determine if the	
	details given within the text lead the reader to the same conclusions.	
11-12-RH-8	This standard requires that students study an author's writing in comparison with accounts	
	which differ from that author's account as well as accounts which agree with the author's	
	interpretation. Students then must decide whether the original author premises were valid or	
	not.	
	Examples:	
	• Students evaluate the premises of James M. McPherson's argument regarding why	
	Northern soldiers fought in the Civil War by corroborating the evidence provided	
	from the letters and diaries of these soldiers with other primary and secondary	
	sources and challenging McPherson's claims where appropriate. Common Core State	
	Standards, Appendix B, p. 183 http://corestandards.org/the-standards	
	Students read two accounts of the Indian Wars during the 19th and early 20th	
	centuries, one from the view point of the US Cavalry and another from Native	
	Americans. SSHS-S1C7-03a	
	• Students use a political cartoon satirizing William Jennings Bryan holding his "Cross	
	of Gold" and a speech or newspaper editorial opposing free silver to decide whether	
	the gold standard was good or bad for Americans as a whole. (Cartoon by Grant	
	Hamilton, printed in "Judge" Magazine, 1896, Image from <i>Coin's Financial School</i>	
	(1894)) SSHS-S1C7-01c	



AZCC Reading Standards for Literacy	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
in History and Social Studies	Content Emphasis.	standard:
in History and Social Studies	Not assessed.	<u>standard.</u>
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	not assessed.	
	From A.7 Explanations and Examples	Type of
	From AZ Explanations and Examples	Type of
		Assessment:
diverse sources, both primary and	secondary sources often give a current view of past events. Both are necessary when students	
secondary, into a coherent understanding	·	
of an idea or event, noting discrepancies	This standard requires students to read multiple accounts of an event and construct their own	
among sources.	interpretation using pertinent information from all of the accounts. While doing so, students	
	will note any discrepancies among sources.	
11-12-RH-9		
	Examples:	
	<ul> <li>Students write a "morning after" analysis of a national election to interpret trends and</li> </ul>	
	predict future impacts on the nation. SSHS-S1C10-01	
	Students read accounts, watch newsreel footage and review photographs which	
	document the transformation of society on the home front during World War II,	
	paying close attention to the roles of women and minorities. SSHS-S1C8-02c	
AZCC Reading Standards for Literacy	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
in History and Social Studies	<u> </u>	standard:
in mistory and social studies	Not assessed.	<u>staritati ar</u>
Range of Reading and Level of Text	1 tot dispessed.	
Complexity	From AZ Explanations and Examples	
Complexity	<u> </u>	Type of
<b>11-12.RH.10.</b> By the end of grade 12,	grade year in school and the 12 <sup>th</sup> -grade reading level by the end of their 12 <sup>th</sup> -grade year in	Assessment:
	school.	Assessment.
read and comprehend history/social	SCHOOL.	
studies texts in the grades 11–CCR text		
complexity band independently and		
proficiently.		
11 12 DV 10		
11-12-RH-10		



Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
Concept 1: Research Skills for History	Content used for items for the research skills must come from the other American History POs.	2
PO 1. Interpret historical data displayed in maps, graphs, tables, charts, and geologic time scales.		Type of Assessment:
SSHS-S1C1-01		MC
Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
Concept 1: Research Skills for History	Content used for items for the research skills must come from the other American History POs.	2
PO 2. Distinguish among dating methods that yield calendar ages (e.g., dendrochronology), numerical ages (e.g., radiocarbon), correlated ages (e.g., volcanic ash), and relative ages (e.g., geologic time).		Type of Assessment: MC
SSHS-S1C1-02		
Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
Concept 1: Research Skills for History	Content used for items for the research skills must come from the other American History POs.	2
PO 3. Formulate questions that can be answered by historical study and research.		Type of Assessment:
SSHS-S1C1-03		MC



Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History	Convent Empiricalist	standard:
Concept 1: Research Skills for History	Content used for items for the research skills must come from the other American History POs.	
PO 4. Construct graphs, tables, timelines, charts, and narratives to interpret historical data.		Type of Assessment:
SSHS-S1C1-04		MC
Strand 1: American History	Content Emphasis:  Content used for items for the research skills must come from the other American	DOK essence of the standard:
Concept 1: Research Skills for History	History POs.	2
PO 5. Evaluate primary and secondary sources for:  a. authors' main points b. purpose and perspective c. facts vs. opinions d. different points of view on the same historical event (e.g., Geography Concept 6 – geographical perspective can be different from economic perspective) e. credibility and validity		Type of Assessment:  MC
SSHS-S1C1-05		



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
Concept 1: Research Skills for History	Content used for items for the research skills must come from the other American History POs.	3
PO 6. Apply the skills of historical analysis to current social, political, geographic, and economic issues facing the world.		Type of Assessment:
SSHS-S1C1-06		MC
Strand 1:		DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
	Content used for items for the research skills must come from the other American	
Concept 1: Research Skills for History	History POs.	2
PO 7. Compare present events with past events:  a. cause and effect b. change over time		Type of Assessment: MC
c. different points of view		IVIC
c. different points of view		
SSHS-S1C1-07		



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History	NT	standard:
Concept 2: Early Civilizations	Not assessed.	
PO 1. Describe Prehistoric Cultures of the North American continent:  a. Paleo-Indians, including Clovis, Folsom, and Plano b. Moundbuilders, including Adena, Hopewell, and Mississippian c. Southwestern, including Mogollon, Hohokam, and Ancestral Puebloans (Anasazi)		Type of Assessment:
SSHS-S1C2-01		
Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
PO 1. Review the reciprocal impact resulting from early European contact with indigenous peoples:	Can include: Economic:  Conflicting views of land use and ownership Impact of the spread of diseases Impact of the trade of different types of plant (e.g., tobacco, corn, potatoes)  Stimulus type: Flow charts Diagrams Paintings and pictures Excerpts Bulleted lists	2 Type of Assessment: MC
SSHS-S1C3-01		



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
	Can include:	_
Concept 3: Exploration and Colonization	Motivations for European colonization:	2
	• Dutch (e.g., trade settlements)	<b></b>
	• France – Fur trade (e.g., land, fur outposts)	Type of
PO 2. Describe the reasons for colonization of	<ul> <li>Spain (already established) (e.g., gold, glory, land, spread of</li> </ul>	Assessment:
America (e.g., religious freedom, desire for land,	Christianity)	MC
economic opportunity, and a new life).	<ul> <li>England (e.g., land, trade, gold, religious freedom)</li> </ul>	MC
SSHS-S1C3-02	Cdimension de man	
	Stimulus type:	
	Mayflower Compact  NA Charter	
	VA Charter	
	• Excerpts	
	Bulleted lists	
	• Flow charts	
	• Diagrams	



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HIGH SCHOOL U.S. HISTORY		
Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
	Can include:	
Concept 3: Exploration and Colonization	Characteristics of colonies	2
I	New England	
PO 3. Compare the characteristics of the New	Town Hall Meeting	Type of
England, Middle, and Southern colonies:	Small farms	Assessment:
	<ul> <li>Fishing &amp; ship building</li> </ul>	
a. Colonial governments geographic	<ul> <li>Puritans</li> </ul>	MC
influences, resources, and economic	Craftsmen and trade	
systems	Middle Colonies	
b. Religious beliefs and social patterns	<ul> <li>Quakers</li> </ul>	
SSHS-S1C3-03	<ul> <li>Diversity</li> </ul>	
55115-51€3-03	Craftsmen and trade	
	Wheat, corn, cattle	
	Southern Colonies	
	<ul> <li>House of Burgess</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Plantations</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Jamestown – tobacco</li> </ul>	
	Stimulus type:	
	• Maps	
I	Paintings and pictures	
I	• Diagrams	
I	Bulleted lists	
		•

• Excerpts



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
American History	Can include:  • Impact of key colonial figures:  • Winthrop (Leader) – City on a Hill  • Anne Hutchinson – dissenter	-
	Stimulus type:  • Excerpts from City on a Hill	



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History	Can include:	standard:
Concept 4: Revolution and New Nation  PO 1. Assess the economic, political, and social reasons for the American Revolution:  a. British attempts to tax and regulate colonial trade as a result of the French and Indian War  b. Colonists' reaction to British policy ideas expressed in the Declaration of Independence  SSHS-S1C4-01	<ul> <li>British attempts to regulate colonial trade: <ul> <li>Intolerable Acts</li> <li>Stamp Act</li> <li>Tea Act</li> <li>Townshend Act</li> <li>Boston Massacre</li> </ul> </li> <li>The grievances listed in the Declaration of Independence as they correspond to specific British policies</li> </ul> <li>Stimulus type: <ul> <li>Excerpts</li> <li>Flow charts</li> <li>Diagrams</li> <li>Paintings, pictures, political cartoons</li> </ul> </li>	1, 2, or 3 Depending on type of assessment  Type of Assessment:  MC, CR, PBA
Strand 1: American History  Concept 4: Revolution and New Nation  PO 2. Analyze the effects of European involvement in the American Revolution on the outcome of the war.  SSHS-S1C4-02	Content Emphasis:  Can include:  • Effects of European involvement  • France – Lafayette, French diplomatic and military support  • Financial support from European powers  Stimulus type:  • Paintings, pictures, political cartoons  • Flow charts  • Diagrams  • Excerpts	DOK essence of the standard:  2 Type of Assessment:  MC



Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
Concept 4: Revolution and New Nation	Can include:  • Significance of Major Events:	1
PO 3. Describe the significance of major events in the Revolutionary War:	<ul> <li>a. Lexington and Concord – "The shot heard around the world."</li> <li>b. Bunker Hill</li> <li>c. Saratoga-French help and turning point in the revolution</li> <li>d. Writing and ratification of the Declaration of Independence</li> </ul>	Type of Assessment:
<ul><li>a. Lexington and Concord</li><li>b. Bunker Hill</li></ul>	e. Yorktown-surrender of Cornwallis, Treaty of Paris	MC
<ul><li>c. Saratoga</li><li>d. Writing and ratification of the Declaration of Independence</li><li>e. Yorktown</li></ul>	Stimulus type:	
SSHS-S1C4-03	• Excerpts	



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trand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
merican History		standard:
	Can include:	
Concept 4: Revolution and New Nation	<ul> <li>Reasons for new national government: Weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation</li> </ul>	2
O 4. Analyze how the new national government vas created:  a. Albany Plan of Union influenced by the Iroquois Confederation b. Articles of Confederation c. Constitutional Convention d. Struggles over ratification of the Constitution e. Creation of the Bill of Rights  SHS-S1C4-04		Type of Assessment:  MC



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History	<del> </del>	standard:
Concept 4: Revolution and New Nation	Can include:  • Precedents set by Washington:	2 or 3
PO 5. Examine the significance of the following in the formation of a new nation:  a. presidency of George Washington b. economic policies of Alexander Hamilton c. creation of political parties under Thomas Jefferson and Alexander Hamilton d. the establishment of the Supreme Court as a co-equal third branch of government under John Marshall with cases such as Marbury v. Madison	<ul> <li>Cabinets</li> <li>Term limits</li> <li>Farewell Address (Foreign affairs, avoidance of political parties)</li> <li>Alexander Hamilton</li> <li>Economic policies</li> <li>Creation of national bank</li> <li>Selection of D.C. as capital</li> <li>Creation of Federalist Party and Democratic Republicans</li> <li>Marbury v. Madison (Establish Judicial Review)</li> </ul> Stimulus type: <ul> <li>Excerpts</li> <li>Flow charts</li> </ul>	Depending on type of assessment  Type of Assessment:  MC or CR
SSHS-S1C4-05		
Strand 1: American History	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the standard:
Concept 4: Revolution and New Nation  PO 6. Examine the experiences and perspectives of the following groups in the new nation:  a. Property owners  b. African Americans c. women d. Native Americans e. Indentured servants  SSHS-S1C4-06	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
	Can include:	
Concept 5: Westward Expansion	Growth of American Nation	2
	Manifest Destiny	
PO 1. Trace the growth of the American nation	Acquisition of territories	Type of
during the period of western expansion:	Northwest Ordinance (1787)	Assessment:
<ul> <li>a. Northwest Territory</li> <li>b. Louisiana Territory</li> <li>c. Florida</li> <li>d. Texas</li> <li>e. Oregon Country</li> <li>f. Mexican Cession</li> <li>g. Gadsden Purchase</li> <li>h. Alaska</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Louisiana Purchase (1803)</li> <li>Adams-Onis Treaty: Annexed from Spain (1821)</li> <li>Texas Revolution (1835) and annexation (1846)</li> <li>Oregon Treaty (Great Britain): "Fifty-four Forty, or Fight!"</li> <li>Mexican War and Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo (1846-1848)</li> <li>Gadsden Purchase (1853)</li> <li>Alaska (Seward's Folly) (1867)</li> </ul>	MC
SSHS-S1C5-01	Paintings and pictures	
	• Timelines	
	• Maps	
	• Excerpts	
	• Can include a map or the painting <i>American Progress</i> by John Gast	



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
Concept 5: Westward Expansion	Can include:  • Political Transformations of the developing nation	2
PO 2. Analyze how the following events affected the political transformation of the developing nation:  a. Jefferson's Presidency b. War of 1812 c. Jackson's Presidency	<ul> <li>Louisiana Purchase</li> <li>Outcomes of War of 1812</li> <li>Increase in nationalism (Francis Scott Key, Star Spangled Banner)</li> <li>Jackson's Presidency</li> <li>Indian Removal Act results in the Trail of Tears</li> <li>Nullification Crisis</li> </ul>	Type of Assessment: MC or CR
SSHS-S1C5-02	<ul><li>Bank War</li><li>Spoils System</li><li>Jacksonian Democracy</li></ul>	
	Stimulus type:	



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Strand 1: American History  Concept 5: Westward Expansion  PO 3. Identify how economic incentives and geography influenced early American explorations:  a. Explorers (e.g., Lewis and Clark, Pike, Fremont) b. Fur traders c. Miners d. Missionaries (e.g., Father Kino, Circuit Riders)  SSHS-S1C5-03	Content Emphasis:  Can include:  Incentives for exploration Economic Religious  Stimulus type:  Maps Excerpts Flow charts Diagrams	DOK essence of the standard:  2 Type of Assessment:  MC
Strand 1: American History  Concept 5: Westward Expansion  PO 4. Describe the impact of European-American expansion on native peoples.  SSHS-S1C5-04	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:



HIGH SCHOOL U.S. HISTORY		
Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
Concept 5: Westward Expansion	Can include:  • Impact of improvements in transportation on the expansion of the west	2
PO 5. Describe the impact of the following aspects of the Industrial Revolution on the United States:  a. Transportation improvements (e.g., railroads, canals, steamboats)  b. Factory system manufacturing  c. Urbanization  d. Inventions (e.g., telegraph, cotton gin, interchangeable parts)  SSHS-S1C5-05	<ul> <li>Canals</li> <li>Railroads</li> <li>Steamboats</li> <li>Factory system</li> <li>Lowell textile mills and northern industrialization</li> <li>Urbanization</li> <li>Growth in factory towns in the Northeast and Midwest</li> <li>Inventions</li> <li>Cotton gin and growth of slavery</li> <li>Interchangeable parts and growth of factory system</li> <li>Telegraph and ease of communication</li> <li>McCormick's reaper</li> <li>The impact of these aspects of the industrial revolution includes: <ul> <li>Opening the West</li> <li>Industrialization in the north</li> <li>Conflict between rural and urban</li> <li>Growth of slavery in the south</li> </ul> </li> <li>Stimulus type: <ul> <li>Maps</li> <li>Charts, tables, graphs</li> <li>Excerpts</li> <li>Flow charts</li> <li>Diagrams</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Type of Assessment:  MC



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
	Can include:	
Concept 6: Civil War and Reconstruction	Economic causes of the Civil War	2
PO 1. Explain the economic, social, and political causes of the Civil War:  a. Economic and social differences between the North, South, and West  b. Balance of power in the Senate (e.g., Missouri and 1850 Compromises)  c. Extension of slavery into the territories (e.g., Dred Scott Decision, the Kansas-Nebraska Act)  d. Role of abolitionists (e.g., Frederick Douglass and John Brown)  e. Debate over popular sovereignty/states' rights  f. Presidential election of 1860  SSHS-S1C6-01	<ul> <li>Industrialization in the North and the agricultural South</li> <li>Southern cotton supplying Northern textile mills</li> <li>Social causes of the Civil War</li> <li>Tensions rise because of abolitionist movement in the North</li> <li>Polarization of opinion (John Brown, Frederick Douglass, Dred Scott, Fugitive Slave Act)</li> <li>Political Causes of the Civil War</li> <li>Attempts to preserve a balance of power in the Senate resulted in sectionalism (Missouri Compromise, Compromise of 1850, Kansas-Nebraska Act, popular sovereignty)</li> <li>Results of the election of 1860 lead to secession</li> <li>Stimulus type:         <ul> <li>Charts, tables, graphs</li> <li>Excerpts</li> <li>Maps</li> <li>Paintings, pictures, political cartoons</li> <li>Flow charts</li> <li>Diagrams</li> <li>Population graph showing differences between North, South, West</li> <li>Primary Source excerpts of the Dred Scott case</li> <li>Excerpts from Uncle Tom's Cabin</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Type of Assessment:  MC



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
Concept 6: Civil War and Reconstruction  PO 2. Analyze aspects of the Civil War:  a. Changes in technology b. Importance of resources c. Turning points d. Military and civilian leaders e. Effect of the Emancipation Proclamation f. Effect on the civilian populations	Can include:  • Importance of resources  • Discrepancy of resources as a reason why the South lost  • Turning points  • Antietam leads to the Emancipation Proclamation  • Vicksburg/Gettysburg  • Sherman's March  • Impact of military and civilian leaders on the outcome of the war  • Lincoln, Davis, Grant, Lee  Stimulus type:  • Maps  • Charts, tables, graphs  • Excerpts  • Paintings, pictures, political cartoons	standard:  2  Type of  Assessment:  MC



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
American History  Concept 6: Civil War and Reconstruction  PO 3. Analyze immediate and long term effects of Reconstruction in post-Civil War America:  a. Various plans for reconstruction of the South  b. Lincoln's assassination  c. Johnson's impeachment  d. Thirteenth, Fourteenth, and Fifteenth Amendments  e. Resistance to and end of Reconstruction	Can include:  • Different Reconstruction plans  • Unification vs. punishment of the South  • Presidential reconstruction  • Congressional reconstruction  • Radical Republicans  • Freedmen's Bureau Act of 1865  • Long term effects of Reconstruction  • Johnson's impeachment sets precedent  • 13 <sup>th</sup> , 14 <sup>th</sup> , and 15 <sup>th</sup> Amendments  • Jim Crow laws  • KKK	standard:  2  Type of Assessment:  MC
(e.g., Jim Crow laws, KKK, Compromise of 1877)	C	
SSHS-S1C6-03	Stimulus type:	



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Strand 1: American History  Concept 7: Emergence of the Modern United States  Can include:  • The effects of industrialization on the American economy • Mass production leads to urbanization • Economic philosophies lead to greater wealth disparity • Economic philosophies lead to the development of monopolies and trusts • Government regulations of monopolies • Interstate Commerce Act (1887) • Sherman Antitrust Act (1890) • Clayton Antitrust Act (1914) • Labor movement • Knights of Labor • American Federation of Labor • Social Darwinism, free silver)
Concept 7: Emergence of the Modern United States  Can include:  Mass production leads to urbanization  Economic philosophies lead to greater wealth disparity  Economic philosophies lead to the development of monopolies and trusts  Can include:  Mass production leads to urbanization  Economic philosophies lead to the development of monopolies and trusts  Government regulations of monopolies  Interstate Commerce Act (1887)  Sherman Antitrust Act (1890)  Clayton Antitrust Act (1914)  Labor movement  Knights of Labor  American Federation of Labor  American Federation of Labor  Socialist Party
d. Labor movement (e.g., Bisbee Deportation) e. Trade  Stimulus type: Excerpts Paintings, pictures, and political cartoons Flow charts Diagrams Bulleted lists Maps



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
	Can include:	
Concept 7: Emergence of the Modern United	Civil Rights issues at the turn of the century:	2
States	Women's Suffrage Movement	
	Plessy v. Ferguson	Type of
PO 2. Assess how the following social	Dawes Severalty Act	Assessment:
developments influenced American society in the	Immigration patterns at the turn of the century	
late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries:	<ul> <li>Development of ethnic communities in the major cities</li> </ul>	MC
	Government legislation regarding immigration	
a. Civil Rights issues (e.g., Women's	Social impact of mass media on American society	
Suffrage Movement, Dawes Act, Indian	Muckrakers leading to progressive reform	
schools, lynching, <i>Plessy v. Ferguson</i> )	<ul> <li>Social changes in the Roaring Twenties</li> </ul>	
b. changing patterns in Immigration (e.g., Ellis Island, Angel Island, Chinese	• Changing women's roles	
Exclusion Act, Immigration Act of 1924)		
c. urbanization and social reform (e.g.,	• Consumerism	
health care, housing, food & nutrition,	Prohibition	
child labor laws)	1 Tollibrion	
,	Stimulus type:	
muckrakers, yellow journalism, radio)	• Excerpts	
e. consumerism (e.g., advertising, standard	Paintings, pictures, and political cartoons	
of living, consumer credit)	<ul> <li>Tables, graphs, and charts</li> </ul>	
f. Roaring Twenties (e.g., Harlem	Diagrams	
Renaissance, leisure time, jazz, changed	Flow charts	
social mores)	1 Tow charts	



SSHS-S1C7-02

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	HIGH SCHOOL 0.3. HISTORY	
Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
	Can include:	
Concept 7: Emergence of the Modern United	Indian Wars	2
States	Causes/effects	
PO 3. Analyze events which caused transformation of the United States during the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries:  a. Indian Wars (e.g., Little Big Horn, Wounded Knee)  b. Imperialism (e.g., Spanish American War, annexation of Hawaii, Philippine-American War)  c. Progressive Movement (e.g., Sixteenth through Nineteenth Amendments, child labor)  d. Teddy Roosevelt (e.g., conservationism, Panama Canal, national parks, trust busting)  e. corruption (e.g., Tammany Hall, spoils system)  f. World War I (e.g., League of Nations, Isolationism)  g. Red Scare/Socialism  h. Populism	<ul> <li>Causes/effects</li> <li>Imperialism</li> <li>Reasons for U.S. foreign policy changes</li> <li>U.S. Acquisitions</li> <li>Shift in American foreign policy</li> <li>Progressivism</li> <li>Constitutional Amendments: 16<sup>th</sup>, 17<sup>th</sup>, 18<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup></li> <li>Social Reforms</li> <li>Teddy Roosevelt's role in reform</li> <li>World War I</li> <li>Causes and effects of U.S. involvement in WWI</li> <li>U.S. rejection of League of Nations</li> <li>Red Scare: <ul> <li>Causes</li> <li>Effects</li> <li>Palmer Raids</li> </ul> </li> <li>Populism</li> <li>Populist Party</li> <li>Omaha Platform</li> <li>Granger Movement</li> <li>Free silver and bimetallism</li> </ul> <li>Stimulus type: <ul> <li>Excerpts</li> <li>Political cartoons</li> <li>Flow charts and diagrams</li> <li>Maps</li> </ul> </li>	Type of Assessment:  MC



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
	Can include:	
Concept 7: Emergence of the Modern United	Arizona Statehood	1
States	Progressive ideas in the Arizona Constitution	
		Type of
	Stimulus type:	Assessment:
(initiative, referendum, recall) on Arizona	Excerpts	
statehood.	Flow Charts	MC
SSHS-S1C7-04		



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
	Can include:	
<b>Concept 8: Great Depression and World War</b>	Causes of the Great Depression	2
II	Economic	
	Environmental	Type of
PO 1. Describe causes and consequences of the	Consequences of the Great Depression	Assessment:
Great Depression:	Social Effects	
	Increase in government role in the economy	MC
a. Economic causes of the Depression (e.g.,	New Deal Programs	
economic policies of 1920s, investment	Agricultural Adjustment Administration (AAA)	
patterns and stock market crash)	Works Progress Administration (WPA)	
b. Dust Bowl (e.g., environmental damage,	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)	
internal migration) c. Effects on society (e.g., fragmentation of		
families, Hooverville, unemployment,	Social Security Act	
business failure, breadlines)	National Labor Relations Act	
d. Changes in expectations of government	Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)	
(e.g., New Deal programs)	Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)	
(c.g., riew Dear programs)	Stimulus type:	
SSHS-S1C8-01	• Excerpts	
5525 5130 01	Paintings, pictures, and political cartoons	
	Flow charts	
	Diagrams	
	Maps	
	1	
	Tables, graphs, and charts	1



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Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
	standard:
Can include:  Impact of American Involvement in WWII  Shift in U.S. foreign policy Changing societal roles for women and minorities Internment Camps  Mobilization Role of propaganda Navajo Code-Talkers Turning Points Pearl Harbor Midway D-Day Introduction of nuclear warfare  Stimulus type: Maps Excerpts Paintings, pictures, and political cartoons Tables, charts, and graphs Flow charts	·
	Can include:  Impact of American Involvement in WWII  Shift in U.S. foreign policy Changing societal roles for women and minorities Internment Camps  Mobilization Role of propaganda Navajo Code-Talkers Turning Points Pearl Harbor Midway D-Day Introduction of nuclear warfare  Stimulus type: Maps Excerpts Paintings, pictures, and political cartoons Tables, charts, and graphs



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	HIGH SCHOOL 0.3. HISTORY	
Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
Concept 9: Postwar United States  PO 1. Analyze aspects of America's post World War II foreign policy:  a. International activism (e.g., Marshall Plan, United Nations, NATO)  b. Cold War (e.g., domino theory, containment, Korea, Vietnam)  c. Arms Race (e.g., Cuban Missile Crisis, SALT)  d. United States as a superpower (e.g., political intervention and humanitarian efforts)  SSHS-S1C9-01	Can include:  International Activism: Shift in U.S. foreign policy U.S. role in rebuilding Europe Humanitarian Efforts Cold War: Containment of Communism dominates U.S. foreign policy Cold War competition (Arms race/Space race) Korean Conflict Vietnam War Cuban Missile Crisis  Stimulus type: Excerpts Maps Paintings, pictures, and political cartoons Tables, charts, and graph Flow charts Diagrams Timelines	2 Type of Assessment: MC



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Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
=		standard:
American History  Concept 9: Postwar United States  PO 2. Describe aspects of American post— World War II domestic policy:  a. McCarthyism b. Civil Rights (e.g., Birmingham, 1964 Civil Rights Act, Voting Rights Act, Constitutional Amendments)	Can include:  • U.S. Domestic Policy  • Legislation  • Legislation that addressed Civil Rights issues  • Supreme Court Decisions  • Miranda v. Arizona  • Gideon v. Wainwright  • Brown v. Topeka Board of Education  • Reynolds v. Sims  • New York Times Co. v. Sullivan	
<ul> <li>c. Supreme Court Decisions (e.g., the Warren and Burger Courts)</li> <li>d. Executive Power (e.g., War Powers Act, Watergate)</li> <li>e. social reforms Great Society and War on Poverty</li> <li>f. Space Race and technological developments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Social Reform Great Society and War on Poverty programs</li> <li>Executive Power</li> <li>Military-industrial complex</li> <li>War Powers Act</li> <li>Watergate</li> <li>Space Race</li> <li>National Defense Education Act</li> <li>Moon landing</li> <li>NASA</li> </ul>	
	Stimulus type:	



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HIGH SCHOOL U.S. HISTORY		
Strand 1:	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
Concept 9: Postwar United States	Can include:     • Postwar prosperity     • Effects of postwar prosperity	2
PO 3. Describe aspects of post—World War II American society:  a. Postwar prosperity (e.g., growth of suburbs, baby boom, GI Bill) b. Popular culture (e.g., conformity v. counter-culture, mass-media) c. Protest movements (e.g., anti-war, women's rights, civil rights, farm workers, César Chavez) d. Assassinations (e.g., John F. Kennedy, Martin Luther King, Jr., Robert F. Kennedy, Malcolm X) e. Shift to increased immigration from Latin America and Asia f. Space Race and technological development	<ul> <li>Growth of suburbs</li> <li>Shift in population to the Sun Belt</li> <li>GI Bill</li> <li>Baby boom</li> <li>Popular Culture:</li> <li>Shifts in pop culture</li> <li>Effects of mass media</li> <li>Development of consumer culture</li> <li>Development of counter-culture</li> <li>Protest Movements</li> <li>Movements that cause social and political change</li> <li>Civil rights movement</li> <li>Anti-Vietnam War movement</li> <li>Women's rights movement</li> <li>Farm workers movement</li> <li>Shifts in immigration patterns to the United States</li> </ul>	Type of Assessment:  MC
SSHS-S1C9-03	<ul> <li>Stimulus type:</li> <li>Excerpts</li> <li>Tables, charts, and graphs</li> <li>Paintings, pictures, and political cartoons</li> <li>Maps</li> <li>Flow charts</li> <li>Diagrams</li> </ul>	



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Strand 1: American History  Concept 10: Contemporary United States  PO 1. Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps).	Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:
SSHS-S1C10-1 Strand 1: American History	<u> </u>	DOK essence of the standard:
· ·	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:
from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps).  SSHS-S1C10-2		



		DOK essence of the
American History		standard:
	Not assessed.	
Concept 10: Contemporary United States		Type of
		Assessment:
PO 3. Describe how key political, social,		
environmental, and economic events of the late		
20th century and early 21st century (e.g.,		
Watergate, OPEC/oil crisis, Central American		
wars/Iran-Contra, End of Cold War, first Gulf		
War, September 11) affected, and continue to		
affect, the United States.		
SSHS-S1C10-3		

Geography Concept 1: The World in	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
Spatial Terms		standard:
The spatial perspective and associated	Not assessed.	
geographic tools are used to organize and		Type of Assessment:
interpret information about people, places and		
environments.		
PO 1. Construct maps using appropriate		
elements (i.e., date, orientation, grid, scale,		
title, author, index, legend, and situation).		



Concept 1: The World in Spatial Terms	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the standard:
PO 2. Interpret maps and images (e.g., political, physical, relief, thematic, Geographic Information Systems [GIS], Landsat).	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:
<b>Concept 1: The World in Spatial Terms</b>	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the standard:
PO 3. Use appropriate maps and other graphic representations to analyze geographic problems and changes over time.	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:
Concept 1: The World in Spatial Terms PO 4. Use an atlas to access information.	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:
Geography Concept 2: Places and Regions Places and regions have distinct physical and cultural characteristics.	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:
PO 1. Identify the characteristics that define a region:		Type of Assessment:
<ul><li>a. physical processes such as climate, terrain, and resources</li><li>b. human processes such as religion, political organization, economy, and demographics</li></ul>		



Concept 2: Places and Regions	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the standard:
PO 2. Describe the factors (e.g., demographics, political systems, economic systems, resources, culture) that contribute to the variations between developing and developed regions.	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:
Concept 2: Places and Regions	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the standard:
PO 3. Examine geographic issues (e.g., drought in Sahel, migration patterns, desertification of Aral Sea, spread of religions such as Islam, conflicts in Northern Ireland/Ireland, Jerusalem, Tibet) in places and world regions.	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:
Concept 2: Places and Regions	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the standard:
PO 4. Analyze the differing political, religious, economic, demographic, and historical ways of viewing places and regions.	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:
Concept 2: Places and Regions  PO 5. Examine how the geographic characteristics of a place affect the economics and culture (e.g., changing regional economy of the sunbelt, location with respect of natural hazards, location of Panama Canal, Air Force		DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:
Bases in Arizona).		



Concept 2: Places and Regions	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
		standard:
PO 6. Analyze how a region changes over	Not assessed.	
time (e.g., U.S./Mexico border, Europe from		Type of Assessment:
World War I to the development of European		
Union, change from pre- to post-colonialism		
in Africa, Hong Kong).		
minimu, mong mong/.		
Concept 2: Places and Regions	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
Concept 2: Flaces and Regions		standard:
DO 7. Analysis aidea of acientific delectes area		<u>standard.</u>
PO 7. Analyze sides of scientific debates over		T of Assessment.
how human actions (e.g., global warming,		Type of Assessment:
ozone decline) modify a region.		
Geography Concept 3: Physical Systems		DOK essence of the
Physical processes shape the Earth and		standard:
1	Not assessed.	
sustain, and modify ecosystems. These		Type of Assessment:
processes affect the distribution of resources	Reinforced in Social Studies but assessed in Science	-
and economic development. Science Strands		
are summarized as they apply to Social		
Studies content in Grades K-8. In High		
School, the Performance Objectives are a		
summary of skills and content for grades 9		
-12. These concepts are reinforced in Social		
Studies classes, but assessed through		
Science.		
PO 1. Analyze how weather and climate (e.g.,		
the effect of heat transfer, Earth's rotation,		
and severe weather systems) influence the		
natural character of a place.		
Connect with: Science Strand 6 Concepts		
Connect with: Science Strand o Concepts		



1, 2, 4		
PO 2. Analyze different points of view on the		
use of renewable and non-renewable		
resources in Arizona.  Connect with: Science Strand 3 Concept 2		
Connect with. Science Strand 5 Concept 2		
PO 3. Analyze how earth's internal changes		
(e.g., earthquakes, volcanic activity, folding,		
faulting) and external changes (e.g.,		
geochemical, water and carbon cycles, erosion, deposition) influence the character of		
places.		
Connect with: Science Strand 6 Concepts		
1, 2		
PO 4. Analyze how hydrology (e.g., quality,		
reclamation, conservation) influences the		
natural character of a place.		
Geography Concept 4: Human Systems Human culture, their nature, and distribution	<u> </u>	DOK essence of the standard:
	Not assessed.	<u>standard:</u>
affect societies and the Earth.		Type of Assessment:
PO 1. Interpret population growth and		
demographics (e.g., birth and death rates,		
population growth rates, doubling time and		
life expectancy, carrying capacity).		



Concept 4: Human Systems	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the standard:
PO 2. Analyze push/pull factors that contribute to human migration.	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:
Concept 4: Human Systems	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the standard:
PO 3. Analyze the effects of migration on places of origin and destination, including border areas.	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:
Concept 4: Human Systems	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the standard:
PO 4. Analyze issues of globalization (e.g., widespread use of English, the role of the global media, resistance to "cultural imperialism," trade, and outsourcing).	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:
Concept 4: Human Systems	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the standard:
PO 5. Analyze the development, growth, and changing nature of cities (e.g., urban sprawl, suburbs, city revitalization).	Not assessed.	Type of Assessment:



Concept 4: Human Systems  PO 6. Analyze factors (e.g., social, biotic, abiotic) that affect human populations.	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:
Concept 4: Human Systems  PO 7. Predict the effect of a change in a specific factor (e.g., social, biotic, abiotic) on a human population.	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:
Concept 4: Human Systems  PO 8. Explain how ideas, customs, and innovations (e.g., religion, language, political philosophy, technological advances, higher education, economic principles) are spread through cultural diffusion.	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:



Geography Concept 5: Environment and Society  Human and environmental interactions are interdependent upon one another. Humans interact with the environment – they depend upon it, they modify it, and they adapt to it. The health and well-being of all humans depends upon an understanding of the interconnections and interdependence of human and physical systems.  PO 1. Analyze how the Earth's natural systems (e.g., Gulf Stream permitting habitation of northern Europe, earthquakes, tsunamis, periodic droughts, river civilizations) affect humans.	Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:
Concept 5: Environment and Society  PO 2. Analyze how natural hazards impact humans (e.g., differences in disaster preparation between developed and developing nations, why people continue to build in disaster-prone places).	Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:



<b>Concept 5: Environment and Society</b>	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
Concept 5: Environment and Society	Comein Emphasis.	
		standard:
PO 3. Analyze how changes in the natural	Can include:	2
environment can increase or diminish its	Changes in natural environment affect American society	2
capacity to support human activity (e.g.,	• Dust Bowl	
major droughts, warm and cold periods,	Hurricane Katrina	<u>Type of Assessment:</u>
volcanic eruptions, El Niño events, pollution)		MG
	Stimulus type:	MC
SSHS-S4C5-PO3	• Maps	
	<ul> <li>Photographs</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Tables, graphs, and charts</li> </ul>	
	• Flow charts	
	• Diagrams	
<b>Concept 5: Environment and Society</b>	Content Emphasis:	DOK essence of the
		standard:
PO 4. Analyze the environmental effects of	Can include:	
human use of technology (e.g., irrigation,	<ul> <li>Effects of human use of technology on the environment</li> </ul>	2
deforestation, overgrazing, global warming,	Tennessee Valley Authority	Type of Assessment:
atmospheric and climate changes, energy	Dust Bowl	
production costs and benefits, water	Deforestation	MC
management) on the environment.	Dam Building	
	Dam Danding	
SSHS-S4C5-PO4	Stimulus type:	
	• Maps	
	• Photographs	
	<ul> <li>Tables, graphs, and charts</li> </ul>	
	• Flow charts	
	• Diagrams	
	Diagrams	
	•	



45

Concept 5: Environment and Society  PO 5. Analyze how humans impact the diversity and productivity of ecosystems (e.g., invading non-native plants and animals).	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:
Concept 5: Environment and Society  PO 6. Analyze policies and programs for resource use and management (e.g., the tradeoff between environmental quality and economic growth in the twentieth century).  SSHS-S4C5-PO6	Content Emphasis:  Can include:  Government regulation of natural resources Progressive Conservationism Environmentalist Movement  Stimulus type:  Maps Photographs Tables, graphs, and charts Flow charts Diagrams	DOK essence of the standard:  2 Type of Assessment:  MC
Concept 5: Environment and Society  PO 7. Predict how a change in an environmental factor (e.g., extinction of species, volcanic eruptions) can affect an ecosystem.	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:



geographic questions) is used to understand spatial patterns of the past, the present, and to plan for the future.  PO 1. Analyze how geographic knowledge, skills, and perspectives (e.g., use of Geographic Information Systems in urban planning, reapportionment of political units, locating businesses) are used to solve contemporary problems.		DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:
Concept 6: Geographic Applications  PO 2. Analyze how changing perceptions of places and environments (e.g., where individuals choose to live and work, Israeli settlements, role of military bases, Viking colonization and naming of Iceland) affect the choices of people and institutions.	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:
Concept 6: Geographic Applications  PO 3. Analyze how geography influences historical events and movements (e.g., Trail of Tears, Cuban Missile Crisis, location of terrorist camps, pursuit of Pancho Villa, Mao's long march, Hannibal crossing the Alps, Silk Road).	Content Emphasis:  Not assessed.	DOK essence of the standard:  Type of Assessment:

